COURSE TITLE: INTRODUCTION TO FILM STUDY

COURSE NUMBER: 0840 - English/Language Arts

0841 - Visual and Performing Arts

DEPARTMENT: English/Language Arts & Visual and Performing Arts

LENGTH OF COURSE: One Year

CREDITS PER SEMESTER: 5
GRADE LEVEL(S) 10-12

REQUIRED OR ELECTIVE: Elective (E/LA fulfills 1 year of the fine arts graduation

requirement and meets the UC "g" requirement; VAPA fulfills 1 year of the fine arts graduation requirement

and meets the UC "f" requirement)

PREREQUISITES: None

BOARD OF EDUCATION ADOPTION:

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

Film is one of the major collaborative and literary art forms of the 20th and 21st centuries. This course examines the many aspects of this art form, such as the history and aesthetics of film and other moving images. Students will learn the language of cinema and have continuing practice in addressing film in terms of the following: criticism, production elements, genre, collaboration, acting, modes of music, historical and cultural context, and career opportunities.

COURSE OUTLINE

1. MAJOR GOALS

The fundamental components of instruction in this course are artistic perception, creative expression, historical and cultural context, aesthetic valuing, and connections, relations, and applications to other disciplines and career paths. The following goals relate to these components.

- 1.1 To develop sensitivity to the expressive qualities (visual and aural) of film
- 1.2 To develop critical awareness of the elements of film
- 1.3 To develop an understanding of the nature and structure of film

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- 1.4 To develop interpretative and critical thinking skills to understand the thematic, historical, and cultural context of film
- 1.5 To explore the universal and thematic content of film
- 1.6 To encourage one's self expression in film media
- 1.7 To explore the relationship between film and other media

2. PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES

Artistic Perception

- 2.1 Use film vocabulary appropriately
- 2.2 Interpret and analyze meanings, messages, and themes of film
- 2.3. Reflect upon and respond to visual and aural elements of film
- 2.4 Recognize and evaluate the literary elements that exist in film (e.g., mood, tone, characterization, theme, setting, plot, et al)

Creative Expression

- 2.5 Identify technical elements in film production
- 2.6 Identify and discuss the collaborative nature of film production
- 2.7 Create film-related projects

Historical and Cultural Context

- 2.8 Identify and compare genres and eras
- 2.9 Place films in cultural, historical, and social contexts
- 2.10 Recognize the political and cultural influence of film
- 2.11 Compare the impact of new technology in filmmaking to how films were made in the past

Aesthetic Valuing

- 2.12 Critically evaluate production values and acting performances
- 2.13 Develop visual literacy to derive meaning from moving images
- 2.14 Identify and evaluate modes of persuasion in film and related media

Connections, Relations, Applications

- 2.15 Identify financial and marketing elements in film production and distribution
- 2.16 Recognize connections between film and other disciplines (e.g., works of art, scientific roots of photography)
- 2.17 Explore career opportunities in film
- 2.18 Develop a career portfolio

3. CONTENT COMPONENTS

3.1 Artistic Perception

The development of artistic perception in the study of film enables the student to understand and respond to the artistic elements of cinema.

- 3.1.1 Technical values of cinematography, art direction, editing, sound, and special effects
- 3.1.2 Literary values of dialogue and narrative
- 3.2 Creative Expression

The application of creative expression by students provides insights into the structure, language, and skills used in filmmaking.

- 3.2.1 Pre-production (e.g., storyboarding, script writing)
- 3.2.2 Production (e.g., cinematography, acting, directing, art direction)

- 3.2.3 Post-production (e.g., editing, scoring, marketing)
- 3.3 Historical and Cultural Context

The study of the historical contributions and cultural dimensions of film in past and present cultures throughout the world.

- 3.3.1 Genres
- 3.3.2 Eras
- 3.3.3 Cultural contributions
- 3.3.4 Social and historical influences
- 3.3.5 Technical evolution of film
- 3.4 Aesthetic Valuing

The identification and critical analysis of cinematic elements in order to generalize, theorize, and justify opinions.

- 3.4.1 Oral/written critiques
- 3.4.2 Identification of themes/messages
- 3.4.3 Analysis/interpretation
- 3.4.4 Value judgment of artistic merits
- 3.4.5 Recognition of emotional manipulation
- 3.5 Connections, Relations, Applications

The realization of connections and applications of the course contents to other disciplines and career pathways.

3.5.1 Film marketing and finance

- 3.5.2 Career pathways (e.g., job shadowing, internships)
 - 3.5.2.1 Development of a career portfolio
- 3.5.3 Interdisciplinary collaboration and connections (e.g., film to literature, history, science, art, and world languages, et al)

Key Assignments:

Assignment Title	Focus	Process	
Mise en scene:	Visual	Students learn various visual conventions in film	
	interpretation of	such as lighting/character distances/color use and	
	single frames as	look at them in terms of understanding the	
	they relate to	inherent visual meaning in photographs. After	
	implied meaning	spending some time illustrating terminology, the	
	(artistic and	final project includes a freeze frame of a film	
	creative	where students identify ten to fifteen elements in	
	expression,	the film and comment on their significance. This	
	aesthetic valuing)	assignment bolsters visual literacy in that it	
		demands analysis of single frames.	
Film Critique	Analyzing and	Students choose a movie (either free choice or	
	critiquing student-	from American Film Institute list of 100 best	
	watched films	movies), and analyze it using a Film Critique	
	(connections,	form. Categories of analysis include plot,	
	relations,	characters, setting point of view, film techniques	
	applications,	(lighting, sound, camera angles, editing), themes,	
	aesthetic valuing,	and personal response. Critiques are evaluated	
	historical and	using rubric.	
	cultural contexts,		
	artistic		
	perception)		
Focus Questions	Critical thinking	Students are given 5-6 higher-level thinking	
	and response	questions about a movie we watched as a class.	
	(artistic	Questions often involve narrative technique,	
4	perception,	themes, historical and cultural context. Students	
	historical and	write answers at home in preparation for	
	cultural context)	participation in a fishbowl discussion.	
Compare & Contrast	Comparing and	Students view an older movie that has been	
Essays	contrasting	remade and compare and contrast it to the more	
	originals and	contemporary version, focusing on several	

	remakes made in different eras	categories, including plot, characters, film techniques, mise-en-scene.	
	Comparing and	Students study (3) films with the same theme and	
	contrasting	compose a compare and contrast essay discussing how the theme is illustrated in each film,	
	different films		
	with same theme	highlighting differences and similarities as they are influenced by historical era, filmic genre, and cultural setting.	
	Comparing and	Students write a comparative essay on several	
	contrasting	films in a genre, focusing primarily on three	
	different films in	elements that the films share (e.g., humor, theme,	
	same genre	and narrative style.	
	(aesthetic valuing,		
	connections,		
	relations,		
	application,		
	artistic		
4	perception)		
Script Writing	Produce an	Students learn about scriptwriting through taking	
	appropriate	notes, reading how-to essays, reading examples,	
	screenplay	and comparing produced products to the original	
	(artistic	text. They then write a 5 page original short film	
	perception,	script, putting into place proper format, structure,	
	creative	and storytelling elements.	
	expression,		
	artistic valuing, connections,		
	relations,		
	applications)		
Script Structure Analysis	See how standard	Analyze a film according to the Syd Field script	
	structure works	structure model. Note the following: Act 1: Set up	
	with a typical film	– time, place, characters, basic conflict, Plot Point	
	(artistic	#1 (event or scene which sends story in a new	
	perception,	direction); Act II: Complications, Plot Point #2	
	historical and	(event or scene which sends the story in a new	
	cultural context)	direction); Act III: Climax (event after which	
		conflicts must resolve), Denouement.	

Filmmaking Collaboration	Follow the	Students work through the three stages of	
with TV/Video Production	process of	production which include pre-production	
	creating a film	(storyboarding, script writing), production	
	from start to	(cinematography, acting, directing, art direction), and post-production (editing, scoring, marketing).	
	finish (artistic		
	perception,		
	creative		
	expression,		
	aesthetic valuing)		
Writing Backstory	Analyzing a	Pick a key character in a film and analyze him or	
	character in terms	her in terms of the role s/he plays in the story,	
	of his/her back	relationship to other characters, personality traits,	
	story	and motivations. Write a fictional back story for	
	(artistic	the character based on this analysis.	
	perception,	Address details relating to his/her childhood	
	creative	circumstances, current relationships, and some	
	expression,	significant event(s) that affected him/her.	
	historical and		
	cultural context,		
	connections,		
	relations,		
	applications)		

4. TIME ESTIMATES

The five components are interwoven into the total instructional program throughout the course. The percentage of time spent on each component is an estimate and may vary from day to day and over the course of the year.

- 4.1 Artistic Perception 30%
- 4.2 Creative Expression 20%
- 4.3 Cultural/Historical Context 15%
- 4.4 Aesthetic Valuing 20%
- 4.5 Connections, Relations, Applications 15%

5. INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

Recommended for teachers:

American Cinema, John Belton, Glencoe-McGraw Hill, ISBN: 0-07-004466-X Best 1,000 Movies Ever Made, Edited by Peter Nichols, Three Rivers Press, ISBN: 0-8129-3001-0

Screenplay, Syd Field, Del Publishing, ISBN: 0440576474

The Art of Watching Films, Joseph Boggs and Dennis Petrie, Glencoe-McGraw Hill,

ISBN: 0-07-255626-9

- 5.1 Media technology
 - 5.1.1 VCRs
 - 5.1.2 TVs
 - 5.1.3 DVDs
 - 5.1.4 Cameras
 - 5.1.5 Other viewing and editing technology

Recommended for students:

- 5.2 District-adopted textbooks
- 5.2 Supplementary materials
- 5.3 Reference materials, magazines, newspapers, screenplays
- 5.4 Internet
- 5.5 Library of films
- 5.6 Artifacts and realia

6. EVALUATION OF STUDENT PROGRESS:

Performance-based and Ongoing

Evaluation will be based primarily on class discussion and written assignments. Students will demonstrate comprehension and competence primarily through the following:

- 6.1 Classroom participation
- 6.2 Writing assignments (e.g., journals, notes, critiques, essays, et al)
- 6.3 Quizzes and tests
- 6.4 Projects

Committee Members:

Grant Bergland	Teacher	CVHS
Joan Lopate	Teacher	CPHS
Dan Reynolds	Teacher	MDHS
Carolyn Bryant	Teacher	NHS
Corissa Stobing	Teacher	YVHS
Evie Groch	Curriculum Specialist	Dent Center